

Safety is our top priority



Atlanta Gas Light operates, secures and maintains the pipelines used to deliver the natural gas you buy from your marketer.

We carefully maintain a network of pipelines that deliver natural gas to the communities we serve. As part of our commitment to providing safe and reliable service, we conduct visual inspections, routine maintenance and leak surveys of our pipeline system, up to and including the meter located on your property.

As our partner in safety, we ask that if you see someone on your property surveying or working with your meter that you ask for identification. All Atlanta Gas Light employees and contractors will be happy to show you their ID. If you are not satisfied that they are one of our employees or a contractor performing work on our behalf, please call our Customer Care Center at **800.427.5463**.

Natural gas meter safety

It is important that we have full access to your meter and that you keep it clear of obstructions that can damage your meter or prevent us from reading it.

- **Snow and Ice** – Although snow buildup in Georgia is rare, be mindful that snow or ice covering the outside venting of a furnace, water heater or clothes dryer, or around the meter can cause hazardous buildup of carbon monoxide. Use a broom, not mechanized equipment or a shovel to clear snow from your meter and vents.
- **Meter/Regulator Relocation** – If your natural gas meter needs to be moved, call Atlanta Gas Light to have a qualified service representative perform the work. Moving or tampering with a meter or regulator can cause a hazardous gas leak.

Here's what to do

Natural gas is a safe energy source and natural gas leaks are uncommon. Natural gas is colorless and odorless so we add an odorant with a distinctive, rotten-egg type scent for easy detection. It is a safe fuel source; however, incomplete combustion of any fuel – charcoal, gasoline, wood or even natural gas – can be hazardous and produce carbon monoxide. Natural gas is non-toxic, lighter than air and displaces oxygen. Keep away from any ignition sources because natural gas can burn near a spark, possibly causing a fire or explosion. In severe cases, if not used properly, it can also lead to asphyxiation. If you suspect you smell natural gas – anywhere, anytime – leave the area immediately and call us at **877.427.4321**. And please:

- If you smell natural gas indoors, everyone should leave the building immediately.
- Do not light a match, operate natural gas appliances, use a phone or turn an electrical switch on or off. Keep everyone away from the area of the odor. Do not start a car. Go to a nearby phone away from the smell and call **877.427.4321**.

Natural gas appliance and Equipment safety

According to the Federal Emergency Management Agency:

- It's important that you have your furnace inspected by a qualified specialist according to manufacturer guidelines to ensure that it is in good working condition. Do not attempt repairs yourself unless you are qualified.
- Be sure all furnace controls and emergency shutoffs are in proper working condition.
- Keep trash and other combustible material away from your heating and water heating systems.

Para solicitar una copia de esta información en español, llame **800.427.5463**.

Never try to find a leak yourself

Avoiding carbon monoxide

Natural gas is a safe fuel source; however, incomplete combustion of any fuel – charcoal, gasoline, wood or even natural gas – produces carbon monoxide. Carbon monoxide is poisonous and has no odor, taste or color. Carbon monoxide detectors are helpful, but they are no substitute for using equipment safely. This includes having your appliances inspected at least once a year by a certified contractor. For a referral to one in your area, visit our website or call **800.427.5463** and choose option four.

Corrugated stainless steel tubing (CSST)

CSST is a flexible, stainless steel pipe used to supply natural gas and propane to appliances and equipment in homes and businesses. Coated with a yellow or black exterior plastic coating, CSST is usually mounted alongside floor joists, inside wall cavities or on top of ceiling joists and attic spaces.

Recent updates to safety guidelines concerning the installation of CSST specify that proper bonding and grounding of this kind of pipe significantly reduces the risk of damage and fire from a lightning strike as well as the chances of possible electric shock by someone who comes in contact with it.

While Atlanta Gas Light does not use CSST in our work and maintenance, it is a possibility that CSST was used when your equipment or appliances were installed at your premises. If you suspect you may have CSST, have a certified contractor or plumber perform an evaluation. If it is found that you do have CSST, a bonding device may need to be installed by a professional in order to reduce the chances of possible injury.

Information about pipelines operating in your community is available through the **National Pipeline Mapping System (NPMS)** and is available online at npms.phmsa.dot.gov.

Safety regarding sewer lines

We believe it is critical that you have an understanding of a remote, yet potentially hazardous condition that could be created when dealing with a sewer blockage.

Directional boring and cross bores

Utilities use a trenchless technology called horizontal directional drilling (or directional boring) to pull cables, conduit and pipe underground. This installation method causes minimal impact to the surrounding area and minimizes environmental disruption. There are instances when an underground sewer line is not properly identified prior to directional boring activities and it's possible that a natural gas pipe can be inadvertently "pulled" through a sewer line. **The resulting condition is known as a "cross bore."** Cross bores can go unnoticed for months or even years. They are typically discovered when it becomes necessary to clear a sewer line blockage.

Removing sewer blockages safely

If your sewer line does back up, we recommend hiring a professional drain cleaning ("rooter") company or sewer contractor. The safest method of clearing the blockage, if it is out in the yard, is to first have all underground facilities on your property located by calling **811**. If it is determined that underground natural gas pipes intersect with your sewer line, the drain cleaning company should use a camera to visually inspect the blocked line to ensure no gas pipes, cables, or conduit exist within the sewer line.

While it is common practice to use a mechanical rotary device to root out the blockage, doing so without locating utility facilities or without a visual camera inspection of the sewer line is discouraged and could be dangerous. **If a gas pipe has been bored through the sewer line, it could be damaged, resulting in a loss of service and a potentially hazardous leak condition. If a natural gas pipe is found in your sewer line, stop all work immediately and call Atlanta Gas Light at 877.427.4321 and report it as a natural gas emergency.** Be sure to let the customer service representative know that you have discovered a cross bore. We will take the appropriate steps to remove the gas line and make the area safe.

For more natural gas safety information visit: atlantagaslight.com/safety